SECTOR WISE SLIP TEMPLATE: WATER SUPPLY

1. Assess the Service Level Gap

The first step is to assess the existing situation and service levels gaps for Water Supply (AMRUT Guidelines; para 3 & 6). This will also include existing institutional framework for the sector. AMRUT is focused on improvement in service levels. The zone wise data shall be used in identifying the gaps. These zone-wise gaps will be added to arrive at city level service gaps. While assessing service level gap reply following questions not more than word indicated against each question.

- What kind of baseline information is available for water supply system of the city? Detail out the data, information, plans, reports etc related to sector. Is zone wise information available? (75 words)
- Have you collected census 2011 data? Are you aware of baseline survey data of MoUD? Have you correlated data from these and other sources? (75 words)
- What are existing service levels for water supply in the city? What is the coverage of water supply Connections? What is per capita supply of water? How much is the extent of metering? How much is non-revenue water? Provide information in table 1.1

Sr.	Indicators	Present	MOUD
No.		Benchmark	
1	Coverage of water supply connections		100%
2	Per capita supply of water		135 LPCD
3	Extent of metering of water connections	100%	
4	Extent of non-revenue water		20%
5	Quality of water supplied		100%
6	Cost recovery in water supply services		100%
7	Efficiency in collection of water supply related charges		90%

 What is the gap in these service levels with regard to benchmarks prescribed by MoUD? (75 words)

Source of Water and Water Treatment System

Please provide information in 150 words on the above responding to (however not limited to) following questions.

- What is the existing source of water? Is it surface water source or under ground water source? What is the capacity of these sources?
- Is there any treatment provided to water from these sources? How much water is required to be treated daily? What is the treatment capacity installed in the city?
- What per capita water supply in LPCD (liter per capita per day) comes out, if you divide total water supply by the total population.

Distribution Zones

Please provide information in 150 words on the above responding to (however not limited to) following questions.

- City is divided in how many zones for water supply ?
- Provide details of total no of Households (HH) in each zone, no of HH with and without water tap connections in the Table 1.2.

Table 1.2: Zone Wise Coverage of Households

Zone No	Total No of Households	Households with Water tap Connection	Households without water tap connections
Total			

Storage of Water

Please provide information in 150 words on the above responding to (however not limited to) following questions.

- What is the total water storage capacity in the city ? What is capacity of elevated and ground water reservoirs?
- In case of surface water, does city need to have ground level reservoirs to store raw treated water?
- Is water being supplied to consumers through direct pumping or through elevated reservoirs?
- Is storage capacity sufficient to meet the cities demand ?

Distribution Network

Please provide information in 150 words on the above responding to (however not limited to) following questions.

- What is the total length of water supply distribution pipe line laid in the city?
- What is the total road length in the city? Is the pipe lines are laid in all streets? Is the objective of universal coverage of water supply pipe line is achieved?
- What are the kind of pipe materials used in distribution lines ?
- Provide zone wise details of street length with and without water distribution lines in the Table 1.3.

Table 1.3: Zone Wise length of distribution network

Zone No	Total Street Length	Street length with water distribution pipe line	Street length without water distribution pipe line
Total			

Institutional Framework

Please provide information in 150 words on the above responding to (however not limited to) following questions.

• Define role and responsibilities in terms of O&M, policy planning, funding, service provision in table 1.4.

Table 1.4: Functions, roles, and responsibilities

Planning and Design	Construction/ Implementation	O&M

- How city is planning to execute projects ?
- Shall the implementation of project be done by Municipal Corporation or any parastatal body? Please refer para 8.1 of AMRUT guidelines.

2. Bridge the Gap

Once the gap between the existing Service Levels is computed, based on initiatives undertaken in different ongoing programs and projects, objectives will be developed to bridge the gaps to achieve universal coverage. (AMRUT Guidelines; para 6.2 & 6.3, Annexure-2; Table 2.1). Each of the identified objectives will be evolved from the outcome of assessment and meeting the opportunity to bridge the gap.

 List out initiatives undertaken in different ongoing programs and projects to address these gaps. For this provide details of ongoing projects being carried out for sector under different schemes with status and when the existing projects are scheduled to be completed? Provide information in Table 1.4

S. No.	Name of Project	Scheme Name	Cost	Month of Completion	Status (as on dd mm 2015)				
		JnNURM/ JICA/ ADB etc							

Table 1.4: Status of Ongoing/ Sanctioned

- How much the existing system will able to address the existing gap in water supply system? Will completion of above will improve the coverage of network and collection efficiency? If yes, how much. (100 words)
- Does the city require additional infrastructure to improve the services? What kind of services will be required to fulfill the gap?

- How does the city visualize to take the challenge to rejuvenate the projects by changing their orientation, away from expensive asset replacement programs, to focusing on optimum use of existing assets?
- Has city conducted assessment of Non Revenue Water ? if yes, what is the NRW level?
 Is city planning to reduce NRW ?
- Based on assessment of existing infrastructure and ongoing / sanctioned projects, calculate existing gaps and estimated demand by 2021 for water supply pipe network, number of household to be provided with tap connections, and required enhancement in capacity of water source/ treatment plant (MLD). Gaps in water supply service levels be provided as per Table 1.5.

Component	•	2015		2021		
	Present	Ongoing projects	Total	Demand	Gap	
Source						
Treatment capacity						
Elevated Storage						
capacity						
Distribution network						
coverage						

Table 1.5 . Demand Gap Assessment for Water Supply Sector

Objectives

Based on above, objectives will be developed to bridge the gaps to achieve universal coverage. While developing objectives following question shall be responded so as to arrive at appropriate objective.

- Does each identified objectives will be evolved from the outcome of assessment?
- Does each objective meet the opportunity to bridge the gap?

Please provide List out objectives to meet the gap in not more than 100 words.

3. Examine Alternatives and Estimate Cost

The objective will lead to explore and examine viable alternatives options available to address these gaps.. These will include out of box approaches. (AMRUT Guidelines; Para 6.4 & 6.8 & 6.9). This will also include review of smart solutions. The cost estimate with broad source of funding will be explored for each. While identifying the possible activities, also examine the ongoing scheme and its solutions including status of completion, coverage and improvement in O&M. Please provide information on the above responding to (however not limited to) following questions.

- What are the possible activities and source of funding for meeting out the objectives? (75 words)
- How can the activities be converged with other programme like JICA/ ADB funded projects in the city etc? (100 words)
- What are the options of completing the ongoing activities? (75 words)
- What are the lessons learnt during implementation of similar projects? (100 words)
- Have you analysed best practices and innovative solutions in sector? Is any of the practice be replicated in the city? (75 words)
- What measures may be adopted to recover the O&M costs? (100 words)
- Whether reduction in O&M cost by addressing NRW levels be applied? (75 words)
- Are different options of PPP such as Design-build-Operate-Transfer (DBOT), Design Built Finance Operate and Transfer (DBFOT) are considered? (100 words)

The alternative activities to meet these activities be defined as per Table 1.6

Table1.6 Alternative Activities To Meet Objectives

Sr. No.	Objective	Activities	Financing Source

4. Citizen Engagement

ULBs will organize and conduct city level citizen consultation and receive feedback on the suggested alternatives and innovations. Each alternative will be discussed with citizens and activities to be taken up will be prioritized to meet the service level gaps. ULB will prioritize these activities and their scaling up based on the available resources. (AMRUT Guidelines; Para 6.6, 6.7 & 7.2). Please explain following questions in not more than 200 words detailing out the needs, aspirations and wishes of the local people.

- Has all stakeholders involved in the consultation?
- Has ward/ zone level consultations held in the city?
- Has alternative proposed above are crowd sourced?
- What is feedback on the suggested alternatives and innovations?
- Has alternative taken up for discussions are prioritized on the basis of consultations?
- What methodology adopted for prioritizing the alternatives?

5. Prioritize Projects

Based on the citizen engagement, ULB will prioritize these activities and their scaling up based on the available resources to meet the respective objectives. While prioritizing projects, please reply following questions in not more than 200 words.

- What are sources of funds?
- Has projects been converged with other program and schemes?
- Has projects been prioritized based on "more with less" approach?
- Has the universal coverage approach indiated in AMRUT guidelines followed for prioritization of activities?

6. Conditionalities

Describe in not more than 300 words the Conditionalities of each project in terms of availability of land, environmental obligation and clearances, required NOC, financial commitment, approval and permission needed to implement the project.

7. Resilience

Required approvals will be sought from ULBs and competent authority and resilience factor would be built in to ensure environmentally sustainable water supply scheme. Describe in not more than 300 words regarding resilience built in the proposals.

8. Financial Plan

Once the activities are finalized and prioritized after consultations, investments both in terms of capital cost and O&M cost has to be estimated. (AMRUT Guidelines; para 6.5) Based on the investment requirements, different sources of finance have to be identified. Financial Plan for the complete life cycle of the prioritized development will be prepared. (AMRUT Guidelines; para 4, 6.6, 6.12, 6.13 & 6.14). The financial plan will include percentage share of different stakeholders (Centre, State and City) including financial convergence with various ongoing projects. While preparing finance plan please reply following questions in not more than 250 words

- How the proposed finance plan is structured for transforming and creating infrastructure projects?
- list of individual projects which is being financed by various stakeholders ?
- Has financial plan prepared for identified projects based on financial convergence and consultation with funding partners?
- Is the proposed financial structure is sustainable? If so then whether project has been categorized based on financial considerations ?
- Have the financial assumptions been listed out ?
- does financial plan for the complete life cycle of the prioritized development?
- does financial plan include percentage share of different stakeholders (Centre, State, ULBs and)
- does it include financial convergence with various ongoing projects.
- Does it provide year-wise milestones and outcomes ?

Details in financial plan shall be provided as per Table 1.7,1.8,1.9,1.10 and 1.11. These tables are based on AMRUT guidelines tables 2.1, 2.2, 2.3.1, 2.3.2, and 2.5.

Table 1.7 Master Plan of Water Supply Projects for Mission period

(As per Table 2.1of AMRUT guidelines)

Project Name	Priority	Year in which to	Year in which	Estimated Cost						
	number	be implemented	proposed to be							
			completed							
Grand Total										
		Project Name Priority number 1 1 1	Project Name Priority Year in which to be implemented number be implemented Image:	Project Name Priority Year in which to Year in which to number be implemented proposed to be completed completed Image: State						

(Amount in Rs. Cr)

Table 1.8 Master Service Levels Improvements during Mission Period

(As per Table 2.2 of AMRUT guidelines)

(Amount in Rs.

Cr)

		Physical	Change			
Sr.	Project Name	Components	Indicator	Existing	Alter	Estimated Cost
No.				(As-Is)	(To-be)	

Table1.9 Annual Fund Sharing Pattern for Water Supply Projects

(As per Table 2.3.1of AMRUT guidelines)

(Amount in Rs. Cr)

Sr.	Name of Project	otal Project	Share					
No.		Cost	GOI	State	ULB	Others	Total	
	Total							

Table 1.10 Annual Fund Sharing Break-up for Water Supply Projects

(As per Table 2.3.2 of AMRUT Guidelines)

(Amount in Rs.Cr)

Sr.		Gol	State		ULB						
No.	Project		14 th FC	Others	Total	14 th FC	Others	Fotal	Convergence	Othe rs	Total
1											
2											
3											
4											
5											
	Total										

Table 1.11 Year wise Plan for Service Levels Improvements

(As per Table 2.5 of AMRUT guidelines)

Proposed Projects	Project Cost	Indicator	Baseline	Annual Targets					
				FY 2016 FY FY FY FY FY					
FIOJECIS	Cost			1			Fĭ	Γĭ	Γĭ
				H1	H2	201	2018	2010	2020
Water Supply									